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Rehabilitation Protocol for Shoulder - Biceps Tenodesis

PHASE I: IMMEDIATE POST-OP (0-4 WEEKS AFTER SURGERY)

Rehabilitation Goals	 Protect surgical repair Reduce swelling, minimize pain Restore passive range of motion (PROM) of shoulder and elbow Adequate scapular function Patient education
Sling	 Wear at all times except when doing exercises Wean out of sling starting 3 weeks post op
Precautions	 No active range of motion (AROM) of the elbow or shoulder No shoulder external rotation beyond 40 degrees No shoulder extension or horizontal abduction past neutral Place a towel roll or pillow under elbow while lying supine to avoid shoulder extension No lifting objects No friction massage to the proximal biceps/tenodesis site
Intervention	 Range of motion/Mobility PROM of elbow for flexion/extension, supination/pronation AROM of wrist/hand Shoulder PROM: avoid shoulder ER past 40 degrees and no shoulder extension beyond neutral Strengthening Scapular retractions and mobility exercises Ball squeezes
Criteria to Progress	 Appropriate healing of surgical incision Adequate pain control Full PROM of shoulder and elbow.

PHASE II: INTERMEDIATE POST-OP (4-6 WEEKS AFTER SURGERY)

Rehabilitation Goals	 Minimize shoulder pain and inflammatory response Achieve gradual restoration of shoulder and elbow AROM Begin light waist-level functional activities Initial submaximal shoulder isometrics Return to light computer or desk work
Precautions	 No lifting with affected upper extremity No loading to biceps, elbow flexors, supinators No friction massage to the proximal biceps tendon/tenodesis site

	 No running Avoid over stressing repaired tissue with stretching or manual therapy
Intervention -Continue with Phase I interventions	Range of motion/Mobility Shoulder AAROM Lawn chair AAROM Shoulder ER Rail slides Wall slides Shoulder AROM Suppression Standing scaption Shoulder ER @ 90 degrees supported on table Elbow AROM Active elbow flexion Active elbow extension Forearm supination Forearm pronation Strengthening Shoulder Isometrics Flexion, extension, ER, IR, abduction Manual Therapy Glenohumeral, scapulothoracic, and trunk joint mobilizations as indicated (Grade I-IV) Posterior capsule stretching Cross body stretching Sleeper Stretch Walking or stationary bike - avoid excessive weight bearing through the affected arm. No distractive forces on shoulder
Criteria to Progress	 Full AROM of shoulder and elbow Proper scapular mechanics with ROM and functional activities Adequate pain control.

PHASE III: LATE POST-OP (6-8 WEEKS AFTER SURGERY)

Rehabilitation Goals	 Normalize strength, endurance, neuromuscular control Return to chest-level activities
Precautions	 No strengthening or functional activities until near full ROM is achieved Avoid long-lever arm resistance for elbow flexion and supination
Intervention -Continue with Phase I-II interventions	 Strengthening Continue shoulder and elbow PROM and AROM Initiate Resisted Biceps curls

	 Initiate Resisted supination Resisted Triceps extension Resisted wrist extension/Resisted wrist flexion Continue shoulder isometrics Progress resistance as tolerated Rhythmic stabilizations
Criteria to Progress	 Full shoulder and elbow AROM Good tolerance to initial strengthening without increase in symptoms

PHASE IV: ADVANCED STRENGTHENING (8-12 WEEKS AFTER SURGERY)

Rehabilitation Goals	 Maintain full pain-free shoulder and elbow AROM. Progress shoulder and elbow strength. Focus on low load, high repetitions (30-50). Open and closed chain strengthening
Intervention -Continue with Phase II-III interventions	Strengthening Resisted IR in neutral Resisted ER in neutral Resisted shoulder IR in elevation Resisted shoulder ER in elevation Full can scapular plane arm elevation Side-lying ER Prone Rowing o 30/45/90 degrees abduction Push up plus progression (wall, counter, knees on floor, floor) Resisted PNF Diagonals Cardiovascular Exercise Can initiate return to running No swimming
Criteria to Progress	 5/5 shoulder and elbow strength Full shoulder AROM in all planes Good tolerance to strengthening exercise without increase in symptoms

PHASE V: EARLY RETURN-TO-SPORT (12-16 WEEKS AFTER SURGERY)

Rehabilitation Goals	 Progress strength and function of involved upper extremity Return to normal sport or work activities Maintain pain-free ROM Avoid excessive anterior capsule stress
Intervention	 Strengthening/Sport-Specific Training Initiate plyometric training starting with below shoulder level and progressing to overhead:
-Continue with Phase	Weighted ball drop/catch in standing, chest pass, overhead ball dribble against wall,
II-VI interventions	prone 90/90 ball drop/catch, prone Y ball drop/catch, prone T ball drop/catch

	 Multi joint/compound strengthening Interval return to sport specific training
Return to Sport	 No pain with progressive strengthening 90% strength of involved extremity compared to uninvolved side with dynamometry testing Within normal limits with field testing if applicable (e.g. closed kinetic chain upper extremity stability test, single arm seated shot-put test, ASH test/Modified ASH test) Low level to no disability with patient reported outcome measure (e.g. Quick DASH)

Protocol adapted from Mass General Sports Medicine Physical Therapy Rehabilitation Protocols. See https://www.massgeneral.org/orthopaedics/sports-medicine/physical-therapy/sports-rehab-protocols