



**Bradley Smith, MD**  
**5316 S. Woodrow St. #200**  
**Murray, UT 84107**  
 Office: (801) 747-1020  
 Fax: (801) 747-1023



## Rehabilitation Protocol for Rotator Cuff Repair - Small to Medium Tears

### PHASE I: IMMEDIATE POST-OP (0-3 WEEKS AFTER SURGERY)

<b>Rehabilitation Goals</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Protect surgical repair</li> <li>● Reduce swelling, minimize pain</li> <li>● Maintain UE ROM in elbow, hand and wrist</li> <li>● Gradually increase shoulder PROM</li> <li>● Minimize muscle inhibition</li> <li>● Patient education</li> </ul>
<b>Sling</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Neutral rotation</li> <li>● Use of abduction pillow in 30-45 degrees abduction</li> <li>● Use at night while sleeping</li> </ul>
<b>Precautions</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● No shoulder AROM</li> <li>● No lifting of objects</li> <li>● No supporting of body weight with hands</li> </ul>
<b>Intervention</b>	<p><i>Swelling Management</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Ice, compression</li> </ul> <p><i>Range of motion/Mobility</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● PROM: ER&lt;20 scapular plane, Forward elevation &lt;90, pendulums, seated GH flexion table slide</li> <li>● AROM: elbow*, hand, wrist             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ If a biceps tenodesis is performed, avoid active flexion of biceps and eccentric loads on biceps for 6 weeks post-op</li> </ul> </li> <li>● AAROM: Active assistive shoulder flexion, shoulder flexion with cane, cane external rotation stretch</li> </ul> <p><i>Strengthening (Week 2)</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Periscapular: scap retraction*, prone scapular retraction*, standing scapular setting, supported scapular setting, inferior glide, low row             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ *avoid with subscapularis repair and teres minor repair</li> </ul> </li> <li>● Ball squeeze</li> </ul>
<b>Criteria to Progress</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● 90 degrees shoulder PROM forward elevation</li> <li>● 20 degrees of shoulder PROM ER in the scapular plane</li> <li>● 0 degrees of shoulder PROM IR in the scapular plane</li> <li>● Palpable muscle contraction felt in scapular and shoulder musculature</li> <li>● No complications with Phase I</li> </ul>

## PHASE II: INTERMEDIATE POST-OP (4-6 WEEKS AFTER SURGERY)

<b>Rehabilitation Goals</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Continue to protect surgical repair</li> <li>• Reduce swelling, minimize pain</li> <li>• Maintain shoulder PROM</li> <li>• Minimize substitution patterns with AAROM</li> <li>• Patient education</li> </ul>
<b>Sling</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Neutral rotation</li> <li>• Use of abduction pillow in 30-45 degrees abduction</li> <li>• Use at night while sleeping</li> </ul>
<b>Precautions</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• No lifting of objects</li> <li>• No supporting of body weight with hands</li> </ul>
<b>Intervention</b> -Continue with Phase I interventions	<p><i>Range of motion/Mobility</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• PROM: ER&lt;20 scapular plane, Forward elevation &lt;90</li> <li>• AROM: elbow*, hand, wrist               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ If a biceps tenodesis is performed, avoid active flexion of biceps and eccentric loads on biceps for 6 weeks post-op</li> </ul> </li> <li>• AAROM: Active assistive shoulder flexion, shoulder flexion with cane, cane external rotation stretch, washcloth press, side lying elevation to 90 degrees</li> </ul> <p><i>Strengthening</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Periscapular: Row on physioball, shoulder extension on physioball</li> </ul>
<b>Criteria to Progress</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 90 degrees shoulder PROM forward elevation</li> <li>• 20 degrees of shoulder PROM ER in the scapular plane</li> <li>• 0 degrees of shoulder PROM IR in the scapular plane</li> <li>• Minimal substitution patterns with AAROM</li> <li>• Pain &lt; 4/10</li> <li>• No complications with Phase II</li> </ul>

## PHASE III: INTERMEDIATE POST-OP CONTINUED (7-8 WEEKS AFTER SURGERY)

<b>Rehabilitation Goals</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Do not overstress healing tissue</li> <li>• Reduce swelling, minimize pain</li> <li>• Gradually increase shoulder PROM/AAROM</li> <li>• Initiate shoulder AROM</li> <li>• Improve scapular muscle activation</li> <li>• Patient education</li> </ul>
<b>Sling</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Discontinue</li> </ul>
<b>Precautions</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• No lifting of heavy objects (&gt;10 lbs)</li> </ul>
<b>Intervention</b> -Continue with Phase I-II interventions	<p><i>Range of motion/Mobility</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• PROM: ER&lt;30 scapular plane, Forward elevation &lt;120</li> <li>• AAROM: seated shoulder elevation with cane, seated incline table slides, ball roll on wall</li> <li>• AROM: elevation &lt; 120, supine flexion, salutes, supine punch, wall climbs</li> </ul>

	<p><i>Strengthening</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Periscapular<sup>**</sup>: Resistance band shoulder extension, resistance band seated rows, rowing, lawn mowers, robbery, serratus punches <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ <sup>**</sup>Initiate scapular retraction/depression/protraction with subscapularis and teres minor repair</li> </ul> </li> <li>● Elbow<sup>*</sup>: Biceps curl, resistance band bicep curls, and triceps <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ <sup>*</sup>If a biceps tenodesis is performed, may begin active flexion of biceps, but no biceps strengthening until 12 weeks post-op</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<b>Criteria to Progress</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● 120 degrees shoulder PROM forward elevation</li> <li>● 30 degrees shoulder PROM ER and IR in scapular plane</li> <li>● Minimal substitution patterns with AROM</li> <li>● Pain &lt; 4/10</li> </ul>

#### PHASE IV: TRANSITIONAL POST-OP (9-10 WEEKS AFTER SURGERY)

<b>Rehabilitation Goals</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Do not overstress healing tissue</li> <li>● Gradually increase shoulder PROM/AAROM/AROM</li> <li>● Improve dynamic shoulder stability</li> <li>● Progress periscapular strength</li> <li>● Gradually return to full functional activities</li> </ul>
<b>Precautions</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● No lifting of heavy objects (&gt;10 lbs)</li> </ul>
<p><b>Intervention</b> -Continue with Phase II-III interventions</p>	<p><i>Range of motion/Mobility</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● PROM: ER&lt;45 scapular plane, Forward elevation &lt;155, ER @ 90 ABD &lt; 60</li> <li>● AROM: supine forward elevation with elastic resistance to 90 deg, scaption and shoulder flexion to 90 degrees elevation</li> </ul> <p><i>Strengthening</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Periscapular: Push-up plus on knees, prone shoulder extension ls, resistance band forward punch, forward punch, tripod, pointer</li> </ul>
<b>Criteria to Progress</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● 155 degrees shoulder PROM forward elevation</li> <li>● 45 degrees shoulder PROM ER and IR in scapular plane</li> <li>● 60 degrees shoulder PROM ER @ 90 ABD</li> <li>● 120 degrees shoulder AROM elevation</li> <li>● Minimal to no substitution patterns with shoulder AROM</li> <li>● Performs all exercises demonstrating symmetric scapular mechanics</li> <li>● Pain &lt; 2/10</li> </ul>

#### PHASE V: TRANSITIONAL POST-OP CONTINUED (11-12 WEEKS AFTER SURGERY)

<b>Rehabilitation Goals</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Restore full PROM and AROM</li> <li>● Enhance functional use of upper extremity</li> </ul>
-----------------------------	---

<b>Intervention</b> -Continue with Phase II-IV interventions	<i>Range of motion/Mobility</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● PROM: Full</li> <li>● AROM: Full</li> </ul> <i>Stretching</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● External rotation (90 degrees abduction), Hands behind head, IR behind back with towel, side lying horizontal ADD, sleeper stretch, triceps and lats, door jam series</li> </ul>
<b>Criteria to Progress</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Full pain-free PROM and AROM</li> <li>● Minimal to no substitution patterns with shoulder AROM</li> <li>● Performs all exercises demonstrating symmetric scapular mechanics</li> <li>● Pain &lt; 2/10</li> </ul>

### PHASE VI: STRENGTHENING POST-OP (13-16 WEEKS AFTER SURGERY)

<b>Rehabilitation Goals</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Maintain pain-free ROM</li> <li>● Initiate RTC strengthening</li> <li>● Initiate motor control exercise</li> <li>● Enhance functional use of upper extremity</li> </ul>
<b>Intervention</b> -Continue with Phase II-V interventions	<i>Strengthening</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Rotator cuff: internal external rotation isometrics, side-lying external rotation, Standing external rotation w/ resistance band, standing internal rotation w/ resistance band, internal rotation, external rotation, sidelying ABD→standing ABD</li> <li>● Periscapular: T and Y, “T” exercise, push-up plus knees extended, wall push up, “W” exercise, resistance band Ws, dynamic hug, resistance band dynamic hug</li> <li>● Biceps curl (begin with concomitant biceps tenodesis/tenotomy)</li> </ul> <i>Motor Control</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Internal and external rotation in scaption and Flex 90-125 (rhythmic stabilization)</li> <li>● IR/ER and Flex 90-125 (rhythmic stabilization)</li> <li>● Quadruped alternating isometrics and ball stabilization on wall</li> <li>● PNF – D1 diagonal lifts, PNF – D2 diagonal lifts</li> <li>● Field goals</li> </ul>
<b>Criteria to Progress</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Clearance from MD and ALL milestone criteria below have been met</li> <li>● Full pain-free PROM and AROM</li> <li>● ER/IR strength minimum 85% of the uninvolved arm</li> <li>● ER/IR ratio 60% or higher</li> <li>● Negative impingement and instability signs</li> <li>● Performs all exercises demonstrating symmetric scapular mechanics</li> </ul>

## PHASE VII: EARLY RETURN-TO-SPORT/ACTIVITY (4-6 MONTHS AFTER SURGERY)

<b>Rehabilitation Goals</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>● Maintain pain-free ROM</li><li>● Continue strengthening and motor control exercises</li><li>● Enhance functional use of upper extremity</li><li>● Gradual return to strenuous work/sport activity</li></ul>
<b>Intervention</b> <i>-Continue with Phase II-VI interventions</i>	<p><i>Strengthening</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>● Rotator cuff: External rotation at 90 degrees, internal rotation at 90 degrees, resistance band standing external rotation at 90 degrees, resistance band standing internal rotation at 90 degrees</li></ul> <p><i>Motor Control</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>● Resistance band PNF pattern, PNF – D1 diagonal lifts w/ resistance, diagonal-up, diagonal-down Wall slides w/ resistance band</li><li>● Specific return-to-sport/throwing program</li></ul>
<b>Return to Sport</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>● For the recreational or competitive athlete, return-to-sport decision making should be individualized and based upon factors including level of demand on the upper extremity, contact vs non-contact sport, frequency of participation, etc. Encourage close discussion with the referring surgeon prior to advancing to a return-to-sport rehabilitation program.</li></ul>

Protocol adapted from Mass General Sports Medicine Physical Therapy Rehabilitation Protocols. See <https://www.massgeneral.org/orthopaedics/sports-medicine/physical-therapy/sports-rehab-protocols>